# Understanding

# **TeleCom Networks Today II**

The World of Data



## **Course Description**

Explore the world of data 2.5/3G, Optical, Frame Relay, ATM Networks, Wireless and more...

Networks are converging. No more discrete data and voice networks now its all going to be one. If you are a telecom professional, you need to "get" the data side of things. If you dont know data, you cant do convergence well. If you dont know data, you will be left behind as TeleCom Today continues to change with fast growing technologies.

TeleCom Networks Today II provides you with an in-depth understanding of the "World of Data," tied to how current advancements fit into todays networks to build the next generation of telecommunication services. This course has been recently updated, with over 90 NEW content to ensure that it reflects the very latest developments in the world of data.

### **Students Will Learn**

- Transmission and Multiplexing Over Analog and Digital Networks
- Why Frame Relay is Vitally Important to Many Organizations Today
- The Basics of Audio, Graphics, Image, and Video Transmission
- What Broadband Networks Are, and the Role ATM Plays With Them
- The Different Services Offered Over Wireless Data Networks
- · How Telecommunications and the Internet Have Changed the Way Organizations Function
- The Evolving Role of Residential Broadband Networks (RBB) and How It Will Change the Way We Live and Work
- How Satellites Are Being Used to Rapidly Transmit Video and Data

## **Target Audience**

This course is for individuals who need to go beyond the basics of voice networks - voice professionals needing data training, consultants, executives, IT managers, marketing/sales, and network analysts, designers, engineers, and technicians.

#### **Course Outline**

#### 1. The Need to Communicate

Entities that utilize communications services

Government

Commercial

Residential

Education

Healthcare

Applications used in data communications networks

Standard applications

Services

Differentiating carriers from other service providers

Local access carriers

Transport (backbone) carriers

Application service providers

Internet service providers

Key ingredients of public carriers

Rights-of-way

Infrastructure

Know how?

Customer premises equipment and connectivity

Types of customer equipment

Voice and data networks

Connecting to carrier/service provider networks

Comparing leased lines, circuit switching, and packet switching

Leased (private) lines

Circuit switched

Packet switched

## 2. Data Communications in a Telecom World

Protocol defined

Network communications

Internetwork communications

Connection-oriented vs. connectionless services

Example of connection-oriented service

Example of connectionless service

OSI (Open Systems Interconnect) Model

Modular design approach

Description of OSI layer functions

Packaging and transmitting messages

TCP/IP protocol suite

OSI layer functions compared

TCP/IP protocol suite

Data link and network layer address functions

Network layer

Data link layer

Comparing routing and switching functions

Routing IP packets

Frame switching

Label switching

### 3. Technology Fundamentals II

Data terminal and communications equipment

DTE

DCE

Interfaces between PCs and modems

Dial-up data connections

Example of single user Internet access

Data transport over analog circuits

Analog signals

Modulation techniques

Modem standards

Signal conversions between analog and digital systems

Functions of a Codec

Converting analog signals to digital signals

Interfaces for multi-user access networks

Customer equipment interfaces

LAN protocols

Leased (private) line connections

Data transport over digital circuits

DCE (Data Communications Equipment) - digital

Corporate connections

Comparing different multiplexing methods

FDM (Frequency Division Multiplexing)

TDM (Time Division Multiplexing)

STDM (Statistical Time Division Multiplexing)

## 4. Optical Networking

Optical transmission components

Light sources

Photodetectors

Characteristics relating to fiber optic transmission

Scattering

Absorption

Dispersion

Types of single mode fiber cables

Standard SMF (Single Mode Fiber) characteristics

DSF (Dispersion-Shifted Fiber)

NZ-DSF (NonZero-Dispersion-Shifted Fiber)

Comparison of 1st and 2nd generation optical networks

First generation

Second generation

DWDM (Dense Wave Division Multiplexing)

WDM defined

DWDM defined

ITU-T channel spacing for DWDM

Building blocks for optical networks

Optical amplifiers

OXC (Optical Cross-Connect)

OADM (Optical Add/Drop Multiplexer)

MEMS (MicroElectroMechanical Systems)

Deploying fiber optic cable systems

Intercontinental fiber optic cable systems

Short-haul undersea cable systems

#### 5. Frame Relay

Frame relay defined

Packet-switching technology

Statistical multiplexing

Variable bit-rate traffic

Variable-length frames for efficient transport of data

Important terms for frame relay service

Access methods

Virtual circuits

DLCI (Data Link Connection Identifier)

Traffic management

Congestion indicators

Frame relay network illustration

Comparing the cost of frame relay service to dedicated leased lines

#### 6. Introduction to ATM

Evolution of networking

Circuit-switched world

Packet-switched world

Convergence with ATM

ATM defined

**Broadband ISDN** 

Concepts of ATM

Transporting different traffic types

Transfer mode

Packet switching comparison

Packet-switching with X.25

Frame switching with Frame Relay

Cell switching with ATM

Comparing cells, frames, and packets

Cells defined

Migration from packet switching to frame switching

Migration from frame switching to cell switching

ATM networks and interfaces

Networks

Interfaces

Virtual connections

Identifiers

Connections

ATM traffic management

Quality of service parameters

Traffic policing

ATM traffic descriptors

ATM service categories

CBR (Constant Bit Rate)

VBR-RT/NRT (Variable Bit Rate Real-Time/Non-Real-Time)

ABR (Available Bit Rate)

UBR (Unspecified Bit Rate)

ATM adaptation layers and attributes

AAL-1

AAL-2

AAL-3/4

AAL-5

# 7. Broadband Services and Technology

Categories of broadband services

Residential broadband

Commercial broadband

Broadband transport networks

Broadband access technologies

Digital subscriber line service High-speed cable modem service over HFC networks Fixed wireless services

# 8. The New World of Wireless

Cellular concept of frequency reuse

Frequency reuse

Cellular and PCS (Personal Communications Service)/PCN (Personal Communications Network) frequency spectrum

Evolution from 1st to 2nd generation wireless

Multiple 2nd generation standards

2.5G wireless communications

Enhanced 2nd generation (2.5G) digital cellular and PCS/PCN services

Mobile standards supporting high-speed data

Third generation (3G) wireless attributes and technologies

3rd generation wireless defined

International Mobile Telecommunications 2000 CDMA-based wireless standards

3G global harmonization

Harmonizing multiple CDMA and TDMA standards

Allowing 2G networks to evolve independently

Specifying a network-to-network protocol for intercommunication between family member networks

Evolving to a new IMT-2000 network standard

Understanding 802.x

## **Equipment Requirements**

(This apply's to our hands-on courses only)

BTS always provides equipment to have a very successful Hands-On course. BTS also encourages all attendees to bring their own equipment to the course. This will provide attendees the opportunity to incorporate their own gear into the labs and gain valuable training using their specific equipment.

### **Course Length**

2 Days